





Vision: What future we want to create? To be known as the best B-School for aspiring management leaders in the country with an industry-focused curriculum and practice.

Mission: Why we exist? To create value for students, business and society by providing intellectual leadership, advancing the science and practice of management, and developing confident leaders to be the agents of change in a world driven by data, technology and innovation.



From Metros to Mini-Hubs: The Silent Revolution

India's startup map is being redrawn. What was once concentrated in Bengaluru, Delhi NCR, and Mumbai is now rapidly expanding into Tier 2 and Tier 3 cities. From Indore to Hubballi, Jaipur to Coimbatore, Surat to Bhubaneswar. These emerging regions, long considered peripheral to the innovation economy, are fast becoming the new powerhouses of entrepreneurial energy.

This shift is not accidental. Affordable talent, improving digital infrastructure, local startup ecosystems, and a lower cost of doing business have made smaller cities highly attractive for first-generation founders. Many of these entrepreneurs are building solutions rooted in local needs—something metro-based startups have historically struggled to understand.

Cities like Kalaburagi are particularly interesting. Known earlier for its educational institutions and rich cultural identity, Kalaburagi is now quietly nurturing a new wave of entrepreneurs—especially in agriculture, food processing, retail tech, and small-scale manufacturing. Local incubation centers, engineering colleges, and government-backed programs have helped young innovators experiment, test, and refine ideas without the pressure of metro-level costs. The rise of these mini-hubs highlights a deeper truth: India needs startups not just in cities of scale, but in cities of significance. Tier 2 and Tier 3 innovation plays a crucial role in addressing local problems—whether it's farmer advisory platforms, logistics optimization, rural healthcare, or skill development solutions.

Equally important is the impact on employment generation. Startups in smaller towns often hire locally, creating stable job ecosystems that reduce migration pressures on metros. This grassroots entrepreneurship ensures talent does not have to leave home to build a meaningful career.

It is no surprise that, according to DPIIT's 2025 data, over 50% of India's registered startups now come from non-metro regions. This is not just a geographical spread—it is a structural transformation. Innovation is no longer top-down. It is bottom-up. It is distributed. And it is powered by a generation that sees opportunity in the problems around them, not just in the markets of big cities.



The Rise of Bharat's Startup Hubs

Tier 2 and 3 cities are now home to over 20,000 registered startups, supported by 70+ incubation centers and regional angel networks.

Let's look at some of the standout hubs:

- Indore: Known for its cleanliness and governance, it's becoming central to logistics, SaaS, and AgriTech startups.
- Coimbatore: The manufacturing capital of South India now drives hardware, renewable energy, and Al-powered industrial automation.
- Hubballi-Dharwad: With DERBI Foundation and Sandbox Startups, North Karnataka has turned into a grassroots innovation zone.
- Jaipur & Udaipur: Home to thriving EdTech and e-commerce ventures, powered by digital adoption and youth entrepreneurship.
- Kochi: Through the Kerala Startup Mission (KSUM), Kochi has evolved into a hub for HealthTech and CleanTech innovation.

These cities not only offer cost advantages but also access to untapped markets, where consumer needs are different and often underserved – the perfect recipe for problem-solving entrepreneurship.

Sectors Powering the Next Wave

While AI remains the common catalyst, Tier 2 and Tier 3 startups are emerging in distinct verticals that reflect India's local realities:

HealthTech: Startups like Niramai (Bengaluru) and Dozee (Mysuru) are revolutionizing diagnostics and remote monitoring with Al-based systems that work even in low-resource settings.

AgriTech: Companies such as DeHaat (Patna) and Ecozen (Pune) are enabling farmers to access better pricing, supply chains, and solar-powered cold storage facilities.

GreenTech: Coimbatore's LeAF Renewables and Jaipur's Oorjan are developing affordable clean energy solutions for homes and small enterprises.

EdTech & SkillTech: In Indore and Nagpur, local EdTech startups are integrating Al-based learning into vernacular education, bridging access gaps across rural India.

Digital Commerce & Mobility: Surat's textile traders and Tier 3 mobility startups are scaling their reach using Aldriven e-commerce and delivery platforms.

These sectors not only solve local problems but also create regional employment, empower smaller suppliers, and boost grassroots innovation.

The Karnataka government is actively expanding startup incubation in tier 2 and 3 cities through its ₹1,000 crore Local Economy Accelerator Program (LEAP). This initiative, supported by a new ₹518 crore startup policy, includes launching incubation centers in cities like Kalaburagi and focusing on clusters like Mysuru, Mangaluru, Hubballi, Belagavi, Tumkur, and Shivamogga. The program provides funding, mentorship, infrastructure, and training to foster regional entrepreneurship.

*Click on underlined word to read the full article! Our newsletter compiles insights from diverse web sources, offering a comprehensive view of the startup ecosystem.



What's Driving the Shift?

- Cost Advantage: Startup costs are 35-40% lower in Tier 2 cities due to affordable rentals and local talent availability.
- Digital Democracy: 800 million+ internet users, 5G expansion, and UPI adoption have leveled the playing field for rural entrepreneurs.
- Policy Push: State-level initiatives like Startup Odisha, TIDES (Uttar Pradesh), and Karnataka's Elevate Program actively support early-stage ventures.
- Return of Talent: Many founders from metros are moving back home, bringing experience and networks to smaller cities.
- Al Democratization: Open models and GenAl tools are empowering first-time entrepreneurs to build faster, prototype cheaper, and compete globally.

Ecosystem Enablers: Local Support, Global Vision

Across India, regional innovation clusters are transforming local economies:

- Deshpande Foundation (Hubballi): Focused on healthcare, agri, and women-led startups.
- Forge Accelerator (Coimbatore): One of India's leading hardware and manufacturing incubators.
- AIC-JKUAT (Jaipur): Connecting startups with government procurement and rural markets.
- Kerala Startup Mission (Kochi): A model for state-led innovation ecosystems.

The result? A bottom-up entrepreneurial surge that complements India's national vision of Atmanirbhar Bharat.

The Road Ahead: From Local Roots to Global Recognition

- The next billion-dollar idea might not come from Bengaluru's tech corridors, but from a small college lab in Coimbatore or a co-working hub in Indore.
- Tier 2 and 3 cities represent India's entrepreneurial awakening where innovation is no longer confined by geography, but powered by imagination.
- As these ecosystems mature, they will not only contribute to India's GDP but redefine what it means to build for Bharat, from Bharat.

Funding, Policy & What Lies Ahead

India's innovation ecosystem continues to attract capital across impact sectors.

- Over \$1.6 billion was raised in October 2025, the highest monthly total this year.
- HealthTech saw a 2.5x increase in investor interest post-pandemic.
- CleanTech startups are now part of most corporate ESG portfolios.

Policy frameworks like Elevate Karnataka, Startup India, Digital India, and Make in India (GreenTech) are fueling entrepreneurship beyond metros. State governments across India are offering incentives for health Al and renewable innovation hubs.

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